Dispersion compensation in 40-Gb/s optical transmission by using coupled-cavity-type photonic crystals

Toshihiko Fukamachi^{1,2,3}, Kazuhiko Hosomi^{1,2,3}, Toshiki Sugawara³, Nobuhiko Kikuchi³, Toshio Katsuyama^{1,2} and Yasuhiko Arakawa¹

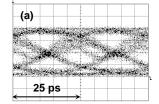
NCRC, I IS, Univ. of Tokyo 4-6-1, Komaba, Meguro-ku, Tokyo 153-8505, Japan ²OITDA, Tokyo, Japan, ³CRL Hitachi, Ltd., Tokyo, Japan

Dispersion compensation by photonic crystal coupled-cavity waveguides (PhC CCWs) was investigated experimentally, and we demonstrated for the first time that the PhC can compensate for dispersion in a 40-Gb/s non-return-to-zero optical transmission. In this experiment, we stacked ten one-dimensional CCWs, which consist of SiO₂/Ta₂O₅-thin films, and optical signals were transmitted into these CCWs three times [1]. As a result, a well-defined eye pattern was obtained at a distance of 4.5 km for a single-mode fiber (Fig. 1). However, it closed without the CCWs. This indicated that the CCWs compensated for a dispersion of more than 60 ps/nm. This result will enable a drastic downsizing in the dispersion compensator by PhC, compared with one used in

conventional optical communication.

This work is supported by OITDA contracted with NEDO and MEXT IT program.

[1] T. Fukamachi *et al.*, PECS-V, Th-P26, p206 (2004).



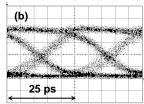


Fig. 1 Eye patterns (a) after transmission over the distance of $4.5~\rm{km}$ and (b) after compensating for the dispersion.